

PRO-FEMMES/TWESE HAMWE

ENHANCED MARKET ACCESS
FOR WOMEN CROSS BORDER
TRADERS OF GRAINS IN
GATUNA AND CYANIKA (EMAW)

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1. Executive Summary

The following table intends to give a quick overview of your activities. Please also indicate the respective countries, e.g. "Total number of people reached: 1 K, 2 T, 1 U, 2 R, 1 B, 1 S".

Name of the Project	Enhanced Market Access for Women cross border traders of grains in Gatuna and Cyanika (EMAW)
Name of the Organization	PRO-FEMMES/TWESE HAMWE
Organization is active since	1992
Number of People in the Organization	53 member Organization with more than 600.000 members
Project Duration	One year
Any other Stakeholders involved?	Districts, Migration, EASSI,
EAC member states involved	Rwanda and Uganda
Total Number of people reached	100 Women Cross border traders (50 from Rwanda, 50 from Uganda)
Benefit for people reached	Beneficiaries are gaining marginal cost resulting from taking informed decisions on where to get cheaper commodities, exchange rate and location of commodities
Number of events organized	4 events
Number of people participated in events	100 women cross border traders per event
Benefit for people participating in events	Market information
Number of beneficiaries	100 direct and more than 500 indirect beneficiaries
Concrete impact on beneficiaries	Beneficiaries are increased their income resulting from access to market information using their phones and marginal cost gained from taking informed decision on how much



	to spend to commodities (information on price, location, distance and time)
Number of paying customers	N/A
Frequency & amount of purchase	Not calculated
Number of jobs created	N/A
Sort of jobs & income	N/A
Further activities planned?	N/A
Financing secured for further operations?	N/A

2. Introduction and Background

Since November 2017, Pro-Femmes/ Twese Hamwe is in partnership with GIZ-IIDEA for implementing a project entitled “Enhanced Market Access for women cross border traders of grains in Gatuna and Cyanika”. This project is tenaciously at strengthening market information for 100 women cross border traders. It responds to capacity and knowledge gaps for women in exploring new market opportunities through the use of simplified mobile based application to get access on market information via their mobile phones, establishes a stronger linkages between buyers of grains (Maize, sorghum and beans) and facilitate them to diversify grains products to enable women cross border traders at Cyanika-Gisoro and Gatuna-Katuna to explore bigger markets. With this Pro-Femmes/Twese Hamwe is more impactful to women cross border traders to diversify their products by adding value to what they are currently doing also to initiate new businesses by responding to new opportunities in the environment.

3. Objectives of the Project

The goal of the project is to enhance market access and information for women cross border traders of grains (mainly maize, sorghum and beans) at Gatuna border. Its specific objectives of the project are:

1. To increase knowledge and build skills for 100 women cross border traders on using mobile application at Cyanika-Gisoro and Gatuna-Katuna border of Rwanda and Uganda
2. To link buyers of grains (Maize, sorghum and beans) with women cross border traders at Cyanika-Gisoro and Gatuna-Katuna border
3. To facilitate grain products diversification to enable women cross border traders at Cyanika-Gisoro and Gatuna-Katuna to explore bigger markets



4. Did you collaborate with any other organizations?

Partner A : EASSI Uganda

Po-Femmes/Twese Hamwe collaborated with EASSI for the implementation of the project in Uganda and EASSI provided a focal person in Uganda to work hand in hand with the project officer in Rwanda to ensure the project is valuable to both women cross border trade in Rwanda and Uganda. For sound implementation of the project, the project was implemented under the partnership with 2 districts (Burera and Gicumbi) and two border officials.

Partner B : SAUTI : Kenya and Uganda

Pro-Femmes / Twese Hamwe partnered Sauti East Africa to develop a mobile-based information platform. The platform is aimed at helping women cross-border traders to access market information for grains across markets in Rwanda and Uganda. The platform will help link key buyers of grains in Rwanda and Uganda with women in cross border trade to bridge the information gaps in the value chain and enhance economic opportunities for both cross-border traders and grain producers.

5. Report of the Project Activities

Act 1: Mapping of women cross border trade of grains at Cyanika-Gisoro and Gatuna-Katuna

The objective of this activity was to establish a data base of key buyers and sellers of grains in Uganda and Rwanda and link up them with 100 women in cross border trade. During implementation of this activity, 74 key grain buyers from 23 districts of Rwanda and Uganda were identified. These ranged from individual grain dealers, cooperative unions and private limited companies. The key grain buyers have acceptable, modern and excellent warehouse facilities. They also package the products in three ways ranging from sacks and paper bags to boxes and paper board cartons. This assures that they have capacity to buy all sell grains in large quantities. A detailed excel spreadsheet with the sellers and buyers name and addresses has been filled and annexed to the report.

Additionally, to spread this information about key buyers and sellers of grains among beneficiaries, the list of key buyers and sellers of grains in Rwanda and Uganda was printed and



distributed among 100 women from both countries. The following table illustrates the number of sellers and buyers of grains mapped and their location.

S/N	District	Province/Region	Country	No. of Companies mapped
1	Gatsibo	Eastern	Rwanda	3
2	Nyagatare	Eastern	Rwanda	3
3	Gicumbi	Northern	Rwanda	1
4	Kayonza	Eastern	Rwanda	3
5	Rwamagana	Eastern	Rwanda	1
6	Bugesera	Eastern	Rwanda	3
7	Gasabo	Kigali city	Rwanda	7
8	Nyarugenge	Kigali city	Rwanda	2
9	Kicukiro	Kigali city	Rwanda	4
10	KIREHE	Eastern	Rwanda	1
11	Musanze	Northern	Rwanda	1
12	Kampala	Central	Uganda	19
13	Entebbe	Central	Uganda	2
14	Mukono	Central	Uganda	2
15	Wakiso	Central	Uganda	5
16	Kasese	Western	Uganda	4
17	Masindi	Western	Uganda	3
18	Mbarara	Western	Uganda	3
19	Ntungamo	Southern	Uganda	1
20	MITIYANA	Central	Uganda	1
21	IBANDA	Southern	Uganda	1
22	MASAKA	Central	Uganda	1
23	JINJA	Central	Uganda	3
	TOTAL			74

The 100 women cross border traders beneficiary of this project from Rwanda and Uganda and were also facilitated to link up with the mapped sellers and buyers of grains. This was to enable Women cross border traders to get opportunities to supply bigger market and buy commodities far from the borders and maximize economies of scale. The following activities details more the process.



Act 2: Hold 2 meetings to establish grains buyers-women cross border traders network to exchange information and market opportunities

This activity aimed at establishing links between buyers of grains from both countries to exchange information on market opportunities. The workshop was attended by 82 Women Cross border traders from Uganda and Rwanda. To facilitate the transport of participants, the workshops were held according to the borders. During the workshop, we shared the database of sellers and buyers of grains in Rwanda and Uganda, therefore, WCBT went in groups whereby they selected key sellers and buyers of grains for future partnership. To make sure that the new market is viable, WCBT used the platform to compare inquired prices by phone and the prices on the platform. To calculate the required transport to get to the identified sellers and buyers of grains, WCBT used Google Map to trace the way to the new market. From the workshop, 8 buyers and sellers of grains agreed to partner with WCBT.

In short, the workshop enabled WCBT to share opportunities and challenges that they face in both countries, they opened their mind and got information on bigger market of grains and boosted their knowledge on the use of mobile platform to get trading information and report GBV and finally used Google map to locate the commodities. Based on the prices available on the platform and the price inquired by phone, participant did an exercise of calculating the benefits comparing prices at diverse markets.

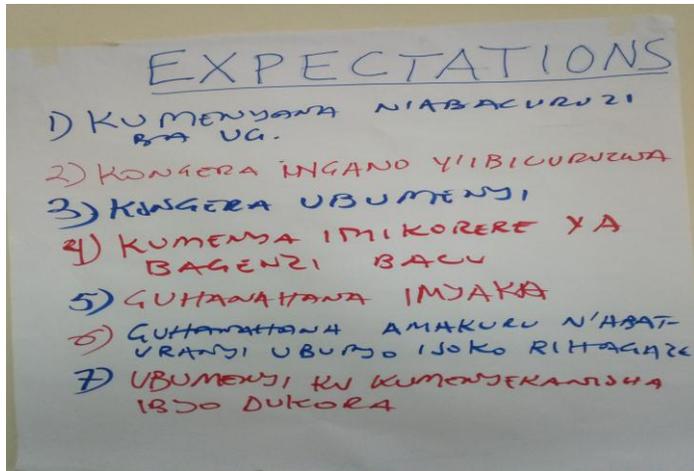
Act 3: Training of women cross border traders on market information and analysis

This training was conducted in Gicumbi and Musanze, on 2-3 April and 5-6 April respectively. In Gicumbi District, the training engrossed 49 participants (including 41 women) while in Musanze, 44 participants (including 36 women) attended the training. The total number of participants was 93, including 77 women and 16 men. The training sessions were categorized in six major parts; namely: (i) Basic definitions of market information and analysis, (ii) Key steps of Analysis of Market Information opportunities, (iii) SWOT analysis of market Information and Analysis, (iv) Identification and source of information and business products and market opportunities, (v) Marketing of business products and communication strategies and (vi) Cost analysis of Market Information and Opportunities participants expressed that they learnt key elements of market information and analysis, with focus on SWOT analysis, market and communication, as well as cost analysis. According to their testimonies, these tips will help them perform their daily activities, attract more customers and increase their profitability. They emphasized that the facilitator's



competency and the methodology used (group works in particular) greatly contributed to their understanding of topics discussed during this training sessions.

The reflection on the two days training proved that participants were so much focused that they do remember all training sessions and related contents. Using the “Eye-closing” energizer, the trainer requested to reflect on each session, thereafter opening their eyes and discussing each of the four major sessions. Important to note is that this was an occasion even for those who captured less on any of the topics to have a “take home” session.



Some of training expectations highlighted by participants in Musanze



A group of participants in Gicumbi brainstorming on the source of information on business product and market opportunities

Act 4: Training of targeted women cross border traders mobile applications and simplified technologies

This project was also respond to the communication channel challenge among cross border buyers and traders whereby participants were trained on how to use a simplified mobile based application to be developed to get access on market information via their mobile phones. Pro-Femmes/ Twese Hamwe through Sauti Africa have leveraged the ubiquity of mobile phones to tackle the challenges affecting women cross-border trade. By innovating on USSD technologies, we have developed robust, dynamic, and reliable applications that any citizen with any type of phone can access.

PFTH hired SAUTI Africa to develop a mobile-based information platform. The platform is aims at helping women cross-border traders to access market information for grains across markets in Rwanda and Uganda. The platform will help link key buyers of grains in Rwanda and Uganda with women in cross border trade to bridge the information gaps in the value chain and enhance economic opportunities for both cross-border traders and grain producers. Here below we will detail the training delivered to cross-border traders on using the abovementioned mobile-based platform.



The key objectives of the training and the required deliverables are detailed below.

Specific objectives:

- To deliver training to 100 women cross-border traders operating across two border crossings on the Rwanda-Uganda border: Gatuna and Cyanika
- To ensure that the cross-border traders participating in the training gained an in-depth understanding of using the mobile-based information platform, and that participants can use the platform unassisted and as part of their daily business routine
- To train participants thoroughly enough so that they would not only be able to use the platform themselves, but also train others on how to use the platform
- To design a simplified training leaflet in preferred local languages to be circulated among participants and available for participants to take away with them

Key deliverables

- **A training leaflet on the above topics in Kinyarwanda and English** (the training leaflets are presented in Annex 1 and 2 attached with this report)
- **Delivery of training on how to use the mobile-based information platform** (the presentation and agenda utilized for the training are presented in Annex 3 attached with this report)
- **A report documenting the training process**

TRAINING DELIVERY

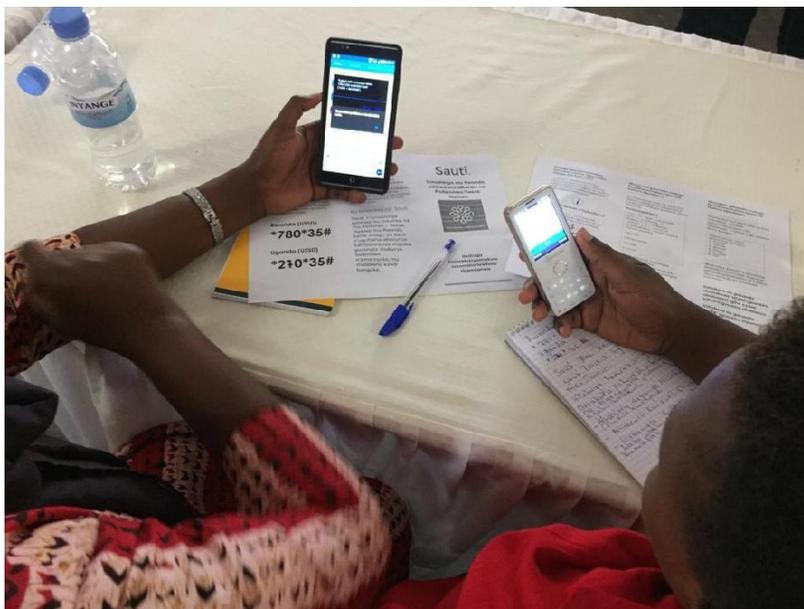
Pro-Femmes / Twese Hamwe together with Sauti conducted training with a selection of cross-border traders drawn both from Uganda and Rwanda. Training was delivered during the week of 24th September 2018 in two locations – in the town of Gicumbi for traders using the border crossing of Gatuna, and in Musanze for traders using the border of Cyanika.





Cross border traders were mobilized by Pro-Femmes / Twese Hamwe and while 100 cross-border traders were targeted, only 83 (74 Female and 9 male) attended the training. This could be attributed to a number of reasons, one such is that the distance between the training venues and where the traders were coming from was relatively long, especially traders drawn from Uganda. Given the circumstances, the training was very well attended. Training was delivered through a combination of presentations, group demonstrations and discussions. The presentation used was tailored to the group and presented in a language that the training participants were comfortable understanding. There was a practical training segment built in to the training session, whereby traders were expected to try out the platform using their own phones. Strategies were deployed to ensure that each of the participants got the best from the training and gained an understanding of the platform. The traders were also issued with printed information materials detailing the step-by-step procedures on how one can use the Sauti platform, available in both English and Kinyarwanda (the training leaflets are presented in Annex 1 and 2 attached with this report).

The training was designed to be personalized to ensure that each of the participants gained an in-depth understanding of the platform and would not only be able to use the platform, but also impart the skills and knowledge acquired on the platform on other cross border traders.

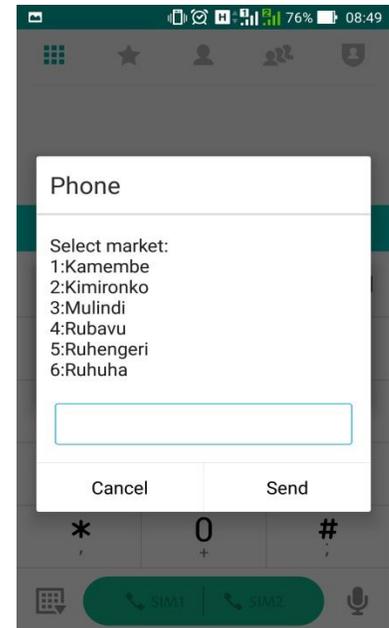
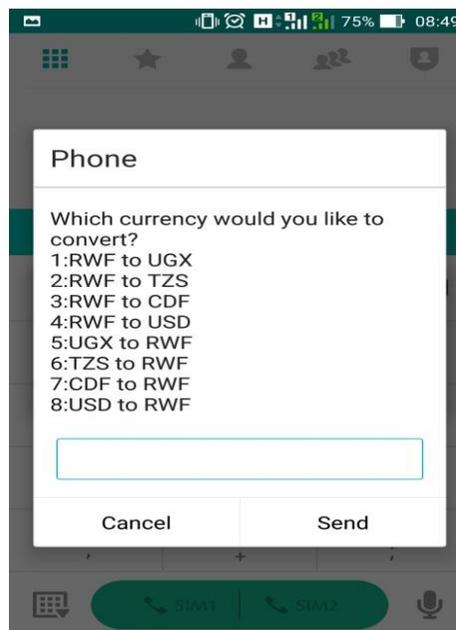
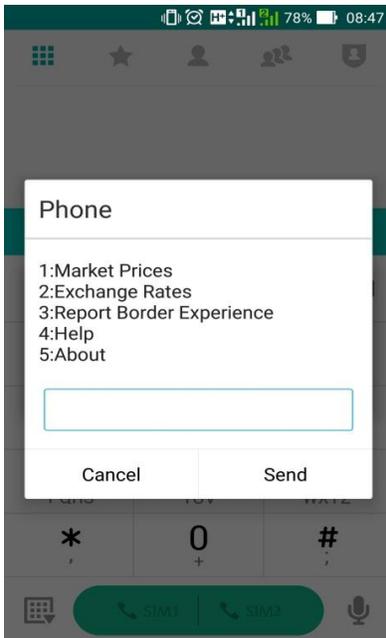


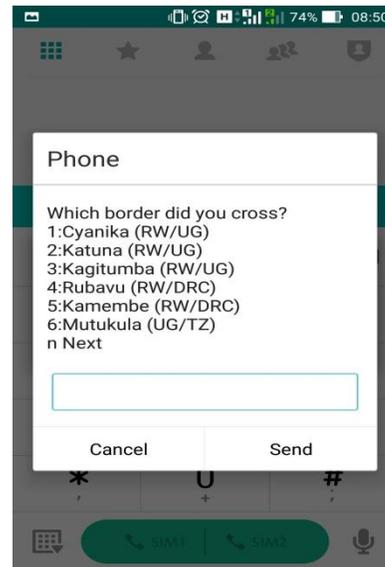
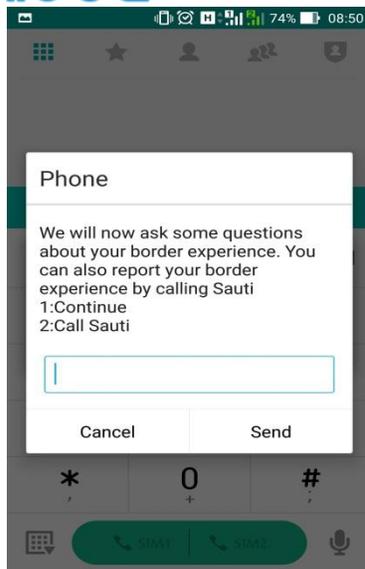


Outcomes of the platform and training on its use

Access Market price, Exchange rate, Report border experience:

- women access these information for trade and market leveraging USSD technology to deliver authoritatively sourced and tailored information to small scale cross border traders.
- The platform alleviated the struggles women traders go through due to information asymmetry, from its inception in October, more than 450 people used the platform to source various information (more details are attached on the user behaviour report)
- The platform is accessed by dialing *780*35# for Rwanda and *270*35# for Uganda
- By dialing any of these USSD, you can access our Mobile platform menu and select your preferred language to use, then choose one of the service you need for information and from which Country.

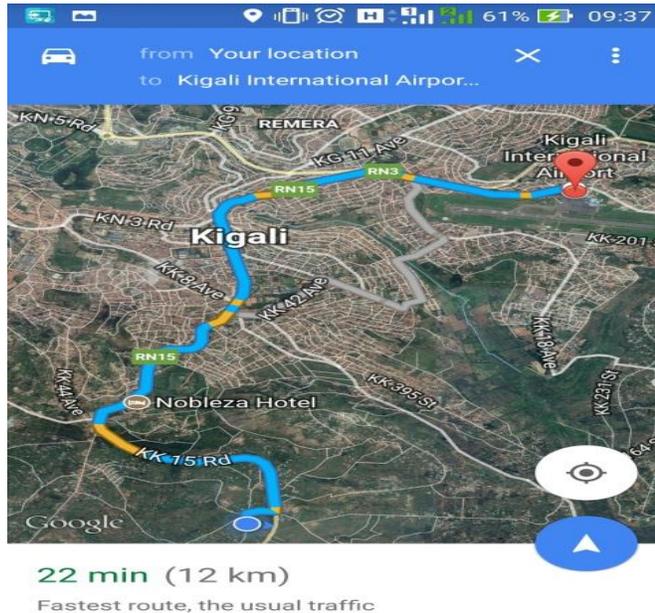




The above is a demonstration on how to access market information on mobile phones

During the implementation, we realized that many of the women cross border traders had smart phones; therefore we thought how they can use them to locate market using free open sources (Google map). Google Maps offers satellite imagery, street maps, panoramic views of streets (Street View), real-time traffic conditions (Google Traffic), and route planning for traveling by foot, car, or public transportation. Those several benefits of Google map were introduced to women cross border traders so that they can access information about location of the commodities easily. Below are some of the registered outcomes:

- With route planner WCBT are able to find directions for drivers, bikers, walkers, and users of public transportation who want to take a trip from one specific location to another.
- They access Google Street View which enables them to view and navigate through horizontal and vertical panoramic street level images of various markets around the East Africa. .
- It helps women cross border trade to know exactly the time and money to spend during the travel and therefore take an informed decision
- Google maps guide women cross border trade from the starting point to the end of the travel.
- Plan and make a budget of all they will need during the travel.



With Google map women can calculate the distance and time to get at the market

Challenges: In the implementation of this activity some challenges were encountered. Language differences had been pre-empted to be a challenge, which is why Sauti engaged a Rwanda-based consultant to assist with the training delivery in Kinyarwanda. However, some traders could neither understand English nor Kinyarwanda and could only understand Lukiga. To overcome this challenge, Sauti engaged the services of an on the spot interpreter during the training. While this meant that all participants were able to engage fully in the training, it somewhat reduced the speed of the training.



An additional challenge encountered during the training was that those that had travelled from Uganda were accessing Uganda networks. This added difficulties since it presented additional costs for the traders and the signal was weak, in particular for Airtel Uganda in Gicumbi. To overcome this challenge, traders were arranged into groups to make the best use of available Rwanda lines which greatly helped the situation.

Act 5 : Training of identified women cross border traders on grain products diversification and financial literacy

This training was conducted in Gicumbi and Musanze, on 6-7 September and 10-11 September respectively. In Gicumbi District, the training engaged 43 participants (including 38 women) while in Musanze, 41 participants (including 32 women) attended the training. The total number of participants was 84, including 70 women and 14 men.

The training sessions were categorized two parts, each one covering 4 major activities. In part one, the following activities were covered: (i) Basic definition of product diversification, (ii) Approaches for product diversification, (iii) Importance of product diversification and, (iv) Practical experience of product diversification, including challenges and proposed solutions. The second part also covered the following: (i) Basic definition of value addition, (ii) Approaches for value addition, (iii) Importance of value addition and, (iv) Practical experience of value addition, including challenges and proposed solutions.



Group work presentation on the definition of product diversification

During this training, participants understood how product diversification is important for their business development and key benefits associated among others:

- Increased competition
- Less vulnerability
- Increased opportunities and attractiveness
- Creation of diverse source of raw materials
- Increased export and foreign exchange
- Rural development promotion

At the end of the training, participants appreciated the content, the logistics, content, methodology as well as the trainer.



Act 6: Hold Study tours for women cross border traders at each side (Uganda and Rwanda)

This initiative falls under objective 3 to facilitate grain products diversification to enable women cross border traders at Cyanika-Gisoro and Gatuna-Katuna to explore bigger markets. Hence, it was expected that Women cross border traders to identify new markets for grains and learn how to add value to commodities in line with the broader Gender and Trade Initiative of Pro-Femmes/Twese Hamwe that seeks to identify how the provisions in Customs Union and Common Market Protocols can be exploited in order to increase women's trade volumes, reduce transaction costs and eliminate the nontariff barriers which remain obstacles to women informal cross border traders.

Study tours were held in Uganda, Mbarara District(-Manyakabi Cooperative area enterprise) and in Rwanda, Kicukiro District(Gashumba Maize processing factory/Gahanga Sector). The study tour at Manyakabi cooperative area and at Gashumba Maize processing factory as well, aimed at enhancing information on trading practices, get new links for their commodities and identify possible ways for future collaboration .During the study tour women cross border traders had an opportunity to identify new markets for their grains from both side and learnt how to add value to the commodities they trade . The study tours was attended by 43 Women Cross border traders from Rwanda, Gatuna and Cyanika Borders and 48 Women cross border traders from Uganda crossing the same borders. The total number of participants are 91 (70 women and 21 men).

At the end of the study tour, Women cross border traders got informed on the source of commodities (maize grains) and new markets opportunities and were able to access to information on bigger markets of the grains (they got contacts of big buyers/ sellers for future collaboration. However they wished to be accompanied on the journey of making the created cooperation permanent and sustainable.

Act 7: Produce a documentary film



PFTH hired a consultant to produce a short documentary film of 15 minutes maximum in Kinyarwanda with English sub-titles. The documentary film aimed at documentation of project achievements and collect information from project beneficiaries and key project stakeholders on two borders (Gatuna and Cyanika). The consultant reviewed existing records to identify project beneficiaries, held meetings with project stakeholders on the field to collect and record data; Interviewed selected interviewees for the film, produced a complete 15 minutes documentary film and submitted 3 colored DVD copies of a documentary with English and Kinyarwanda subtitles where necessary summarizing the work that has been done and its outcome

6. Outreach of the project (in Numbers)

How many people have been reached by the project directly and indirectly? How many of them are youths? How many are women? You can use or adjust the following format.

Group 1: 83 people (74 women and 9 men) trained on use of mobile platform and simplified technologies to access markets (google map). More than 400 people are accessing the platform to check prices for grains, exchange rate and report border experience. To strengthen the networking capacity of ECBT, a study tour was held in 2 countries and 83 people gathered in a meeting to establish grains buyers-women cross border trader's network to exchange information and market opportunities. From this meeting, 6 buyers and sellers were linked and are exchanging goods and services.

Group 2: The same group received various trainings and events which are the following :

1. 2 meetings to establish grains buyers-women cross border traders network to exchange information and market opportunities : 82 WCBT
2. Training of women cross border traders on market information and analysis 93, including 77 women and 16 men
3. Training of targeted women cross border traders mobile applications and simplified technologies 83
4. Training of identified women cross border traders on grain products diversification and financial literacy was 84, including 70 women and 14 men.
5. Study tours for women cross border traders at each side (Uganda and Rwanda) 91

After benefiting the above, beneficiaries gained much marginal cost , the benefits has not only gone to them but also to their families and neighbors. As said above, more than 400 people use the mobile platform to check various services available on the platform. We think that the multiplier effect has worked not only on the platform but also to acquired knowledge and skills and thus has changed life of secondly beneficiaries.



Group 3: People with substantial life improvements through your project (gender, age groups, EAC countries)

+ Please briefly describe your interaction between your project and this group

+ Please briefly quote a few of the most-affected persons on what your project means for them

7. Describe the Communication interventions

What have you conducted? Describe the output, outcomes and results achieved with pictures, media clips, videos, links etc.

During the implementation of this project, one documentary film on achievements was produced by Pro-Femmes, it was shared to the donor. Some clips now are on our websites and a success story was produced and shared with GIZ.

8. Describe the M & E intervention implemented

Please describe the output, outcomes as well as results attained (include pics etc.)

A part from the work done by the project officer, the Program Manager and the Monitoring and evaluation officer as well the in charge of IT at Pro-Femmes/Twese Hamwe jointly collected M&E data including indicators of success, success stories, pictures and clips). All of these helped to crosscheck whether the project is on the right track towards achieving its objectives.

9. Achievements during the project implementation period

Outline and explain the achievements and showcase the success stories registered during the project time frame.

See below the table for projects achievements registered during the project elaborated for specific activity.

The life span of the project ended after achieving tangible results elaborated bellow.

- a. A database of women cross borders traders of grains at Cyanika-Gisoro and Gatuna-Katuna is created*

Under this output, 100 women crossborder traders were identified, they are the primary beneficiaries of the project.

- b. 100 women cross border traders have knowledge on market information and analysis*

As mentioned above, through training, WCBT acquired knowledge on market information and analysis, they are able to compare two or many markets and choose one or more based on price and quality competitiveness.



c. 100 Women cross border traders use mobile application and simplified technologies to access bigger market opportunities:

Due to many benefits WCBT got from the use of the mobile phone to check prices, exchange rate and report border experience, they interested their colleagues and know the number of the people using the platform raised from 100 up to more than 450 people.

d. A database of key buyers of grains in Rwanda and Uganda : 70 big buyers and sellers of grains were identified, eight among them are trading with WCBT

e. Buyers-women cross border traders Platforms established and run through social media
A whatsapp group was created to link WCBT in Rwanda and Uganda, they exchange trade information either through calls or whatsapp.

f. Women cross border traders have knowledge and skills on grain products diversification:
Reference made to their testimony, WCBT are now able to produce by products to maximize production and profit.

10. To what extent do the outcomes of the project match the objectives of the original proposal?

Please further indicate to what extent (in %) you fulfilled every single objective of the original proposal and briefly elaborate on that.

As illustrated in the table below, the project achieved its outcome at level above 98%.

11. Project's lasting impact and sustainability

OUTPUTS: Detail all Planned and actual activities carried out during the reporting period and the actual outputs. Explain any deviation between the planned and actual activities and propose follow-up actions.				
Description of activities planned for the reporting period	Output targets		Level of achievement (achieved/planned) in percent	Explanation (s) / Performance / Remarks
	Planned	Achieved		
Mapping of women cross border trade of grains at Cyanika-Gisoro and Gatuna-Katuna	A data base of 70 big buyers and sellers of grains in Rwanda and Uganda	✓	105,7%	74 sellers and buyers of grains in Rwanda and Uganda were mapped



Training of women cross border traders on market information and analysis	93 out of 100 participants attended	✓	93%	7 participants missed due to uncommunicated reasons
Training of targeted women cross border traders mobile applications and simplified technologies	83 participants out of 100 attended	✓	83%	17 participants missed due to uncommunicated reasons
Hold 2 meetings to establish grains buyers-women cross border traders network to exchange information and market opportunities	82 participants out of 100 attended	✓	82%	18 participants missed due to uncommunicated reasons
Training of identified women cross border traders on grain products diversification and financial literacy	84 participants out of 100 attended	✓	84%	16 participants missed due to uncommunicated reasons
Hold Study tours for women cross border traders at each side (Uganda and Rwanda)	91 participants out of 100 attended	✓	91%	9 participants missed due to uncommunicated reasons

12. Describe the Lesson Learnt during the Implementation of the Project

The use of technologies is not dedicated only for educated people, the less educated also can access and benefit from the use of ICT . In trade, the mobile phones can serve more than inquiring prices by call, as well, free open sources software like Whatsapp and Google maps can be used in boosting trade.

13. What are some of the Challenges encountered during the Project Implementation

Please list the biggest challenge on top and sort the others in descending order.

Describe problems / obstacles that were encountered during the reporting period and what was done to overcome them.
1a. Obstacle: Language barrier
1b. Solution: Among them there was those who can speak both languages (Kinyarwanda and Lukiga), they did simultaneous translation for their colleague
2a. Obstacle: Linking big buyers and sellers of grains was not easy, some of them suspected WCBT to be spies of the Revenue authorities
2b. Solution: WCBT introduced themselves to the big buyers and sellers of grains and insisted on explaining the purpose of calling them is to enter into business ventures.
3a. Obstacle: lack transport refund for stakeholders like RRA staff, budget for participating in events



organized by stakeholders

3b. Solution: the stakeholders were consulted at their respective institutions and the events organized by them were attended using PFTH budget

14. What are the Recommendations for the Integration Process from the Project?

The following were the recommendations from the implementation and consideration for the project;

1. Scale up of the project activities to other borders of Rwanda
2. Increase the funds volume to avail budget for selling the use of the mobile platform.
3. One year period is too short to observe the flow of outcome up to impact

15. Next Quarter Work Plan and Budget as per the agreement

N/A

16. Conclusion and Way Forward

Even though the project period was too short, it achieved much that changed life of women crossborder traders. The testimonies are available in the documentary film. The short period also could have had an effect on sustainability of the project outcomes, however, Pro-Femmes/Twese Hamwe is raising other funds to sustain and cascade the project outcomes to serve more people. Thanks to Sauti and its partners, the activities left by the project will be sustained up to 2020. Beyond that period, PFTH believe to get other funds from various donors.

17. Pictures

Please include some pictures of different activities from your project with a brief description.

WCBT from Uganda visited Gashumba milling factory in Kigali-Rwanda. They learnt how to add value to the maize, post harvesting handling requirements, quality standards, product diversification, inquired partnership and maize processing steps.



Milling specialist taking WCBT through the milling process

